PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

Rec'd PC TO 10 SEP 2004

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To:

GOLDSTEIN, Steven J. FROST BROWN TODD LLC 2200 PNC Center 201 East Fifth Street Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 **ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE** 

2 3 2004 NTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

DOCKETED-IP

Initials Date

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF HE INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT** 

(PCT Rule 71.1)

Date of mailing (day/month/year)

15.07.2004

Applicant's or agent's file reference 0514306

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION International filing date (day/month/year)

Priority date (day/month/year)

International application No. PCT/US 03/07631

12.03.2003

12.03.2002

Applicant

BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE et al.

- The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- 2. A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

#### 4. REMINDER

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1)) (see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

The applicant's attention is drawn to Article 33(5), which provides that the criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability described in Article 33(2) to (4) merely serve the purposes of international preliminary examination and that "any Contracting State may apply additional or different criteria for the purposes of deciding whether, in that State, the claimed inventions is patentable or not" (see also Article 27(5)). Such additional criteria may relate, for example, to exemptions from patentability, requirements for enabling disclosure, clarity and support for the claims.

Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:

**European Patent Office** D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465

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### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY







## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 0514306	FOR FURTHER ACTION  See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No.	International filing date (day/mon	th/year) Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/US 03/07631	12.03.2003	12.03.2002			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or	noth national classification and IPC				
B01D53/64	And Haddia Gazemeason and a				
B01D33/04					
Applicant					
BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUT	E et al.				
4 This international proliminary AY	emination report has been prepa	red by this International Preliminary Examining			
1. This international preliminary ex- Authority and is transmitted to the	e applicant according to Article	36.			
,					
2. This REPORT consists of a tota	of 7 sheets, including this cove	r sneet.			
This report is also accomp	anied by ANNEXES I a sheets	of the description, claims and/or drawings which have			
heen emended and are the	hasis for this report and/or sne	ats containing reculications made perore and vorticity			
(see Rule 70.16 and Secti	on 607 of the Administrative Inst	ructions under the PCI).			
These annexes consist of a tota	These annexes consist of a total of sheets.				
		•			
3. This report contains indications	relating to the following Items:				
Basis of the opinion					
II Priority	t and the with record to possible	inventive eten and industrial applicability			
		inventive step and industrial applicability			
IV 🛛 Lack of unity of inver	mon	rd to nevelty inventive step or industrial applicability:			
V 🖾 Reasoned statemen citations and explan	V Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
VI Certain documents of					
	e international application				
VIII Certain observations	on the international application				
Date of submission of the demand	Date of	of completion of this report			
08.10.2003 15.07.2004					
Name and mailing address of the internati preliminary examining authority:	onal Autho	rized Officer			
European Patent Office	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 52	de B	iasio, A			
161. 449 89 2399 - 0 1X: 52	Telep	hone No. +49 89 2399-8627			

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 03/07631

I. E	Basis	of	the	report	ì
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the International application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Des	cription, Pages			
	1-18		as originally filed		
	Clai	ms, Numbers			
	1-10	•	as originally filed		
	Drav	wings, Sheets			
	1/5-	5/5	as originally filed		
2.	With regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
	The	se elements were ava	ailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:		
		the language of a tra	inslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).		
			ication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).		
		Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	·		
3.	With regard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:				
		contained in the inte	rnational application in written form.		
		filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.		
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in written form.		
			ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.		
		in the international a	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.		
		The statement that the listing has been furn	he information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.		
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description,	pages:		
		the claims,	Nos.:		
		the drawings,	sheets:		

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 03/07631

5.		been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Hule 70.2(c)).				
		(Any replacement sheet contain report.)	ning sı	uch amendm	ents must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this	
6.	Add	itional observations, if necessar	у:			
IV.	Lac	k of unity of invention				
	In response to the Invitation to restrict or pay additional fees, the applicant has:					
	☐ restricted the claims.					
		paid additional fees.				
	paid additional fees under protest.					
	$\boxtimes$	neither restricted nor paid addi	tional f	fees.		
		This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.				
3.	This	This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is				
		complied with.		•		
	$\boxtimes$	not complied with for the follow	ving re	asons:	·	
		separate sheet		٠		
4.	Cor	Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report:				
		all parts.				
	Ø	the parts relating to claims No	s. 1-5,	7 <b>-</b> 9 .		
V.	Rea	asoned statement under Artic ations and explanations supp	le 35(2 orting	2) with regai such staten	rd to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; nent	
1.	Sta	tement				
	Nov	velty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	3,7,8 1,2,4,5,9	
	inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	- 1-5,7-9	
	Ind	ustrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-5,7-9	

2. Citations and explanations

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

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see separate sheet

# Re Item IV Lack of unity of invention

Four different possible inventions are defined in the claims:

- The first subject-matter defined in claim 1 is a process for removing heavy metals from a gas by contacting said gas with bauxite or modified bauxite (cf claims 1, 3-5, 7-9 all partially).
- A second subject-matter defined in claim 1 is a process for removing heavy metals from water by contacting said water with bauxite or modified bauxite (cf claims 1, 3, 6-9 all partially).
- 3. A third subject-matter defined in claim 1 is a process for removing heavy metals from soil by contacting said soil with bauxite or modified bauxite (cf claims 1, 3, 6-9 all partially).
- Process for removing or inactivating microorganisms in an emission or in the environment by contacting the microorganism with a mineral selected from bauxite, copper ores and mixtures thereof (cf claim 10).

In claim 1 three alternatives are considered (gas, water or soil). The general common concept is to contact polluted gas, water or soil with bauxite or modified bauxite in order to remove heavy metals (pollutants).

Claim 2 having a broader scope of protection than claim 1, the objections under Art. 33(2) PCT and Art. 33(3) PCT raised against the subject-matter of claim 1 also apply to the subject-matter of claim 2. The first invention is thus limited to claims 1-5 and 7-9 only for the case of gas treatment.

Documents found during search (cf item V) clearly show that the first subject-matter (relating to gas treatment) is not new (Art. 33(2) PCT) and thus not inventive (Art. 33(3) PCT). It should also noted that the document US-A-6,030,537 cited in the application appears to be novelty destroying (Art. 33(2) PCT) for the process of claim 1 relating to water treatment. US-A-5,490,907, e.g., appears to be novelty destroying (Art. 33(2) PCT) for the process of claim 1 relating to soil treatment. Similarly US-A-2001/042719 seems to be novelty destroying (Art. 33(2) PCT) for the process of claim 10. Hence, there can be no common inventive concept between the four processes defined in the present set of claims.

The applicants not having paid additional fees as requested, only the first invention has been examined as far as novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability are concerned.

## **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

Moreover, the application states that sulfur is an essential ingredient for removing heavy metals from gases, whereas it is not for removing heavy metals from water or soil. There seems to be also a difference between the alternatives of claim 1 as far as essential features are concerned (Art. 6 PCT). Similarly, the processes of claim 1 and that of claim 10 seem to have different essential features. In claim 1 the sorbent material has to be bauxite or modified bauxite, whereas in claim 10 the sorbent can also be copper ores, i.e. free of bauxite.

### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 1.1 DE-A-19745191 (D1) discloses a process for treating i.a. gas containing heavy metals (col. 1, II. 3-11) by the step of contacting the heavy metal containing gas with bauxite (col. 2, Il. 15-17; claim 1).
  - D1 appears to be novelty destroying for the subject-matter of claim 1 (Art. 33(2) PCT).
- 1.2 The process of modifying bauxite as defined in claim 3 should be known from US-A-2.391.116, cf col. 1, line 49, to col. 2, line 7, D2 also using bauxite for treating gases (col.1, II. 21-22). The process of claim 3 does not seem to involve an inventive step (Art. 33(3)PCT). In D2 the heating is performed at temperatures as low as 400°F, corresponding to 204,4°C, i.e below 300°C as mentioned in present claim 3. Also GB-A-1.378.451 (D3) teaches to activate bauxite by heating at temperatures less than 325°C (cf page 1, ll. 51-55) in order to obtain a greater surface area.

Moreover, D1 teaches to prepare the sorbent material by heating at temperatures lying withing the range of claim 3 (cf col. 2, II. 24-29). This passage of D1 is also novelty destroying for the subject-matter of claims 4 and 5 (Art. 33(2) PCT).

The sorbent of D1 is also said to be suitable for using for dry sorption processes (col. 3, II. 43-45). Thus it would be an obvious possibility for the skilled person to secure the sorbent of D1 to a permeable fabric, the latter being either in vertical or horizontal position. No inventive step can be seen in the additional technical features of claim 7 and 8.

- **EXAMINATION REPORT SEPARATE SHEET** 
  - D1 also foresees to mix the sorbent material with the gas to be treated (col.3, II. 37-42). The process of claim 1 is not new over D1 (Art. 33(2) PCT).
- DE-A-19936930 (D4) relates to a process for removing mercury from gases from 2. flue gases. Bauxite is mixed with sulphur and added to the flue gases in order to capture mercury (cf claims 1 and 3). Thus D4 should be novelty destroying for claims 1,4,5,9 (Art. 33(2) PCT).
  - US-A-5.245.106 (D5) also concerns a process for eliminating mercury and/or arsenic from gases by using as a sorbent material containing copper sulfide (cf claim 1 of D5) mixed with i.a. bauxite (col.2, II. 17-21). D5 further teaches to prepare the sorbent material by heating at temperatures below 300°C, see e.g. col. 5, Il. 15-20).
- As already mentioned under Item IV, the objections of lack of novelty (Art. 33(2) 3. PCT) and inventive step (Art. 33(3) PCT) raised against the subject-matter of claim 1 also apply to the process of claim 2.